



Solar Home System Kit Quality Standards

Version 2.1 May 2017



Lighting Global has expanded the quality assurance framework to cover solar home system kits. This document describes the Quality Standards for Solar Home System Kits, which set a baseline level of quality, durability, and truth in advertising to protect consumers. As described in the eligibility criteria below, kits covered by these Standards must be "plug-and-play," have a peak power of 350 W or less, and a DC voltage of 24 V or less. [Note, products smaller than 15 W may be evaluated as pico-products under the <u>Pico-PV Quality Standards</u>.] Component-based systems and kits with screw terminals are not covered by these Standards. The Quality Standards are presented on the next pages.

Conformance with the Quality Standards is evaluated based on results from laboratory testing according to the Lighting Global Solar Home System Kit Quality Test Method (QTM). The tests are conducted at a third-party, approved test center using randomly-procured samples. Information contained in Lighting Global Standardized Specification Sheets or Spec Books is acceptable for determining conformity with the Quality Standards. Products that have met the Quality Standards are also issued a Verification Letter and posted on the Lighting Global website: www.lightingglobal.org, products.

On-going qualification is subject to successful market checks according to the Market Check Method (see <u>MCM Policy</u>). Renewal testing, equivalent to a primary market check test, is required after two years (see <u>Associate Renewal Policy</u>).

PRODUCT ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

- 1. All components required to provide basic energy services are sold/installed as a kit:
 - PV module(s)
 - Charge control unit(s
 - Battery/batteries
 - Cables, switches, connectors, and protective devices sufficient to connect the PV module(s), charge control unit(s) and battery/batteries
 - Loads (optional): Kighting and requisite cables, load adapter cables (e.g., for mobile phones), and other appliances (IV, fan, radio, etc.) and their requisite cables

Note that the kit may consist of interchangeable components from a product family. The product family may be eligible for testing according to the <u>Family of Products Policy</u>. See also the <u>Similar Products</u>, <u>Pay-as-you-go</u>, and <u>Co-branding</u> policies.

- 2. The system voltage must be below 24 V nominal.
- **3.** Only DC systems, outputs, and loads are covered. No inverters, systems with AC outputs/outlets, or AC appliances are eligible for support through Lighting Global.
- 4. The peak power rating of the kit must be less than or equal to 350 watts.
- **5. Kits must be plug-and-play.** Plug-and-play implies that no design expertise is required to choose appropriate system components and no technicians or electricians are necessary to safely and successfully install and operate the system. All electrical connections can be made without the use of tools. Installation and operation instructions should be presented using language and graphics that can be understood by the typical consumer.

Category ^a	Metric	Quality Standard
	Manufacturer, Product Name and Model No.	Accurately specified
	Performance Claims: Light Output, Run Time, Appliance Power Consumption	If reported, accurately specified. ^b If there are both pay-as-you-go (PAYG) and non-PAYG versions of a product, each must be truthfully advertised with respect to energy services provided.
	Lamp Type, PV Power, Battery Capacity, Charger Rating, Other Aspects	PV power must be accurately reported on the product packaging. All other aspects, if reported, must be accurately specified. ^b
Truth	Fee-for-service or Pay-as- you-go (PAYG) metering	The PAYG system should be capable of accurately metering service to customers so they reliably get the service that is paid for.
In Advertising	Ports	Port voltage and current specifications, if provided, must be accurate. Included appliances must function when connected to SHS ports. Power output of ports must be sufficient to power appliances that are advertised but not included. Specific guidelines for USB and 12 V ports are below. ^c Ports of included appliances are not required to meet this standard.
	Functionality	All advertised features must be functional. Any description of the product that appears on the packaging, inside the package and in any other medium (internet etc.) should be truthful and accurate. No statements should mislead buyers or end users about the features or utility of the product. Any user interfaces (charge indicators, SOC estimates, etc.) must be accurate.
Lumen Maintenance	Lumen Maintenance at 2,000 Hours	Average relative light output of 4 samples $\geq 90\%$ of initial light output at 2,000 hours with only one sample allowed to fall below 85% OR All samples maintain $\geq 95\%$ of light output at 1,000 hours. ^d If an included lighting appliance provides ≥ 15 lumens, it is subject to the lumen maintenance standard.
Health and Safety	Circuit and Overload Protection	The system must pass an overcurrent and an overload protection test. Products must include a current limiting mechanism to prevent irreversible damage to the system. The mechanism must be easily resettable or replaceable by the user, or must automatically reset. If replaceable fuses are used for circuit protection, sizes must be labeled on the device and listed in the user manual, and, if fuses are replaceable by the user, at least one spare fuse must be included with the product. Included appliances are not required to meet this standard.
	AC-DC Charger Satety	Any <i>included</i> AC-DC charger carries approval from a recognized consumer electronics safety certification organization. ^e
	Wiring and Connector Safety	Wires, cables and connectors must be appropriately sized for the expected current and voltage. ^f
	Hazardous Substances Ban	No battery may contain cadmium or mercury at levels greater than trace amounts (<0.0005% Hg and <0.002% Cd by weight in accordance with the EU Battery Directive)

Table 1. Lighting Global Quality Standards for Solar Home System Kits

Category ^a	Metric	Quality Standard		
		All 4 samples are protected by an appropriate charge controller that		
Battery	Battery Protection	prolongs battery life and protects the safety of the user. ^g Lithium batteries must additionally carry UN 38.3 certification and have overcharge protection for individual cells or sets of parallel- connected cells. Batteries of included appliances must also meet this standard. For PAYG systems, appropriate battery protection must remain active regardless of whether the system is in an enabled or disabled state. To avoid damage to a battery during long-term periods of non- payment disabled system status, the solar module must be able to charge the battery even if the product is in a disabled state.		
	Battery Durability	The average capacity loss of 4 samples must not exceed 25% and only one sample may have a capacity loss greater than 35% following the battery durability storage test. ^h If an included lighting appliance provides \geq 15 lumens, it is subject to the battery durability standard. All other included appliances are not required to meet this standard.		
Quality and Durability ^{i,j}	PV Overvoltage Protection	If the battery is disconnected or isolated, the system must not be damaged and PV open-circuit voltage must not be present on load terminals.		
	Miswiring Protection	The user interface should be designed to minimize the likelihood of making improper connections. If improper or reversed connections can easily be made, they should cause no damage to the system or barm to the user.		
	Physical Ingress Protection (for components containing electronics or electrical connections)	Fixed P5x Outdoor P5x Components IP3x OR IP2x with circuit protection All Other IP2x Components IP2x		
	Water Protection ^k (for components containing electronics or electrical connections)	Fixed Outdoor ComponentsPermanent outdoor exposure: IPx5 OR IPx3 with circuit protectionALP2Outdoor rooftop installation: Modified IPx4 OR circuit protectionModulesModified IPx4 OR circuit protectionPortableFrequent rain: IntegratedIntegratedIPx3 OR technical equivalent + IPx1 OR warning label + IPx1 OR warning label + technical equivalentPortable Separate ComponentsOccasional rain: IPx1 OR technical equivalent OR warning labelFixed Indoor ComponentsNo requirement		
	Switch, Gooseneck, Moving Parts, and Connector Durability	Mechanisms expected to be used functional after 1000 cycles regularly Mechanisms expected to be used All 4 samples and any included appliances are primarily functional after 100 cycles primarily functional after 100 cycles during installation ¹		
	Strain Relief	All cables on 4 samples and any included appliances must pass a strain relief test.		

Category ^a	Metric	Quality Standard		
Quality and Durability	Drop Test	Portable Components Fixed Indoor	Portable lighting components: all 4 samples are functional after drop test (1 m onto concrete on six faces); none result in dangerous failures. ^m Non-lighting portable appliances (such as battery- powered radios, fans, razors and lights with light output below 15 lumens): 3 out of 4 samples are functional following a modified drop test requiring only 2 drops per sample rather than the standard 6 drops; none result in dangerous failures. ^m The sides on which the product is dropped will be alternated between samples to ensure that all six sides are dropped at least once.	
Continued ^{i,j}		and Outdoor	No requirement	
	Soldering and Electronics Quality	ComponentsThe system and any included appliances must be rated "Good" or"Fair" for workmanship quality as defined in Annex F of theLighting Global Solar Home System Kit Quality AssuranceProtocols. At most, one sample may fail to function when initiallyevaluated		
	Cable Specifications	Cables must be at least 3 m long when connecting a "fixed indoor" or "portable separate" component to the PV module or any other fixed outdoor component. Otherwise, components will be considered "fixed outdoor" or "portable integrated." Any outdoor cables must be outdoor rated and UV resistant. ⁿ		
Consumer Information	User Manual PRIO	User manual must present instructions for installation, use, and troubleshooting of the system. Installation instructions must include appropriate placement and installation of the PV module. Basic electrical safety and system maintenance must also be covered. Installation and operation instructions should be presented using language and graphics that can be understood by the typical consumer. ^o		
	Component Specifications and Replacement Methods	 Consumer information must provide either:^p 1) specifications for components that may require replacement (fuses, lights, PV, batteries) and instructions for replacement, OR 2) directions as to how the consumer can get components, including the battery, replaced at service centers, both during and post warranty, OR 3) a clear consumer-facing statement that the batteries and other components are not replaceable. Detailed instructions or descriptions regarding replacing components may be included in the user manual, but a clear statement regarding the battery replacement must be included on the consumer-facing packaging. Accepted phrases are: Battery is field replaceable Battery is not replaceable Similar phrases may be accepted at the discretion of Lighting Global. 		
	Minimum Warranty Terms	Accurately specified and consumer-facing; minimum coverage of at least two years for the system and one year for most included appliances. Details are noted below.		

Warranty Requirements Details

To meet the Standard, Lighting Global requires that the following guidelines be followed when presenting and offering a warranty:

- The minimum warranty period from the time of purchase by the end-user is at least:
 - 2 years for the main system, including the PV module, control box, cables and lights and the system battery. (Note that batteries included within appliances are only required to meet the 1 year warranty). The battery warranty must include a capacity retention figure, benchmarked to the advertised battery capacity and/or the battery capacity presented in the Lighting Global test report. The capacity retention figure must be equivalent to or better than "at least 80% capacity at two years."
 - 1 year for all lighting appliances that include their own batteries (including pico-power lights), all non-lighting appliances, USB charging adaptors and similar accessories.
- The warranty must cover, at a minimum, manufacturing defects that impede operation under normal use and protection from early component failure.
- The consumer-facing warranty must explain how the consumer can access the warranty (return to point of purchase/distributor/service center, call or SMS a number, etc.), how the warranty will be executed (repair, replacement, etc.), and should advise the customer to inquire about the warranty terms prior to purchase.
- The consumer-facing warranty must be available to the consumer in writing in a way that enables the end user to verify and understand the terms of the warranty prior to purchase. The written information should be in a regionally appropriate language. Consumer-facing warranties could be included on the product box, or on a user agreement or warranty card that is easily accessed prior to purchase.

Note that this is a *Minimum* Standard and it is up to the discretion of manufacturers and distribution partners to exceed the basic protection offered in these terms to differentiate their products in the market.

Other Notes

^a If a sample fails on any aspect at any point during testing, even if not during the specific test used to evaluate that aspect, the sample will still fail on the basis of that aspect. For example, if a switch stops functioning on a sample while its luminous flux is being measured, this failure would be included in the count of failures for the switch test.

In certain cases, where products are designed for special applications (e.g., productive uses), certain requirements may be waived, altered, or strengthened at the discretion of Lighting Global. Any deviations from the requirements listed in this document will be noted on the Standardized Specification Sheet and Verification Letter for the product.

^b Numeric aspects, such as light output and run time, must deviate no more than 15% from advertised ratings (though it is always acceptable if actual performance is better than advertised). If a range is provided, the best rating must be within the 15% tolerance. If a run time is advertised, it is assumed to be for solar run time and for the highest setting, e.g., brightest) unless otherwise stated. All advertised features shall be functional. Any description of the product that appears on the packaging, inside the package, and in any other medium (internet, etc.) should be truthful and accurate. No statements should mislead buyers or end users about the features or utility of the product.

Light distribution must only be measured for two samples to determine the full-width-half-max (FWHM) angle.

Included appliances are subject to truth-in-advertising requirements for performance claims. Relevant tests include: light output, battery capacity, power consumption, and the full-battery and solar run time. At the discretion of Lighting Global, existing performance test results for non-lighting appliances (such as TV power consumption from Global LEAP testing) may be referenced in place of additional testing. Only lights brighter than 15 lumens are required to be assessed for light output and light distribution.

Advertising regarding physical and water ingress protection is evaluated at the discretion of Lighting Global. If a product advertises an IP rating of IP54 or higher, the manufacturer must provide documentation of meeting that

IP rating based on test results from an accredited laboratory. The following common advertising terms are expected to meet the following IP levels:

- IPX7: Water proof, or similar
- IPX4: Splash proof, or similar
- IPX3: Rainproof, protected from heavy rain, or similar •
- IPX1: Water resistant, splash resistant, rated for outdoor use, or similar
- IP5X: Dust proof, protected from dust, or similar

Note, advertisements cannot supersede the basic IP requirements by component form factor described in the Quality Standards.

^c If a current or power range is advertised in association with a port, the port must be able to provide within 5%of the advertised rating at the typical battery discharge voltage. Advertised voltage ranges are subject to truth-inadvertising requirements. Specific requirements for 12 V and 5 V ports are below.

All ports advertised or reasonably expected to provide 12 V must maintain a voltage between 10.5 - 15 V over the advertised current range, or if no current range is advertised, over the entire tested range of currents, though port voltages may fall below 10.5 V at low battery state-of-charge. If a voltage range is advertised for a 12 V port, the advertised values must be within 0.1 V of the measured values but may fall below the lower limit at low battery state-of-charge. In cases where the measured voltage values fall below 10.5 V or the lower limit of the advertised voltage values during periods of low battery state-of-charge, the port and any advertisements must be marked to indicate that the voltage may drop below these limits at low battery state-of-charge and the feature or behavior must be described in the user manual.

All ports with a USB form factor and all 5 V ports advertised or reasonably expected to be used for mobile phone charging (including barrel plugs) must meet the requirements below. These standards are based on the USB Battery Charging Specification Revision 1.2 (USB Implementers Forum, 2012), with some modifications to address common charging requirements in the SHS kit market. Ports must comply with these default limits unless an acceptable reason and clear justification is presented for the port managing current and voltage in a different manner. Acceptance of alternate management schemes is at the sole discretion of Lighting Global. If a voltage range is advertised for a 5 V port, the advertised values must be within 0.05 V of the measured values and meet the requirements below.

- Voltage requirements for sustained current less than or equal to 0.5 A (or less than or equal to the advertised current if the advertised current is higher than 0.5 A):
 - Minimum steady-state voltage: 4.5 V at all simulated battery voltages except the deep discharge protection voltage; 4.25 V at the deep discharge protection voltage. 0
 - Maximum steady-state voltage 5.5 V
- Voltage requirements for sustained current greater than 0.5 A (or greater than the advertised current if the advertised current is higher than 0.5 A): • No minimum steady-state voltage requirement

 - Maximum steady-state voltage: 5.5 V 0
- Overshoot/Undershoot requirements:
 - Minimum undershoot voltage: 4.1 V 0
 - Maximum overshoot voltage: 6.0 V 0
 - Maximum undershoot time: 10 ms 0

^d The lumen maintenance standard can be assessed using a 1000-hour or 2000-hour test, or an expedited method that requires LM80 data for the LEDs. Each of these procedures areas outlined in Annex J of the Lighting Global Solar Home System Kit Quality Assurance Protocols. The expedited method includes a 500-hour lumen maintenance test and single point temperature measurements of the LED array. The temperature measurements are compared to IESNA LM80-08 data from the LED manufacturer to determine the lumen maintenance at 2000 hours. For the LM80 method, the average lumen maintenance at 500 hours and the average estimated lumen maintenance at 2000 hours must be \geq 90% of initial light output, with no more than one sample below 85%. The LM80 test is intended as a way to expedite products entering the market and shall not be used for Associate Renewal or Market Check Method tests.

For products undergoing 500-hour tests with a sample size of two (n=2) to qualify for or maintain program support (Associate Renewal, Market Check Method or Accelerated Verification Method tests), both samples must maintain $\geq 95\%$ of initial light output at 500 hours. If a product fails the 500-hour test, re-testing with 6 samples for the full 2000 hours will be required.

^e Approved marks: UL, CE, TÜV, CCC, or similar, with accompanying valid documentation of testing by an accredited test laboratory. Detailed guidelines are described in the <u>AC Charger Safety Approval Policy</u>.

^f This includes that all external cords provided with the product must be capable of carrying the electric currents present during normal operation without exceeding 50 °C \pm 3 °C (measured at 25 °C \pm 3 °C ambient temperature). This Standard is primarily assessed using a declaration from the manufacturer.

^g Table 2 contains default battery deep discharge protection voltages during testing and Table 3 contains default battery overcharge protection voltages and maximum cell temperatures specific to the five common types (i.e., chemistries) of batteries. These default values are used when determining appropriate charge controller behavior, unless alternate appropriate design values are provided by the battery manufacturer for the deep discharge protection voltage cutoff, overcharge protection voltage cutoff or maximum cell temperature. Note that the minimum voltage specification for nickel-based batteries only applies in cases where more than one cell is wired in series.

	Deep discharge protection voltage (V/cell)			
Battery type	Recommended	Minimum	Maximum	
Flooded lead-acid	≥ 1.87	1.82	· · · ·	
Valve-regulated / Sealed lead-acid	≥ 1.87	1.82	J.S	
Lithium-ion	≥ 3.00	2.250		
Lithium iron phosphate	≥ 2.50	2.45		
Nickel-metal hydride	= 1.00	0.95	1.10	

	Overcharge protection voltage (V/cell)			Maximum charging
Battery type	Recommended	Minimum	Maximum	temperature (°C)
Flooded lead-acid	32 .40	2.35	2.50	45
Valve-regulated / Sealed lead-acid	= 2.49	2.35	2.45	45
Lithium-ion	≤ 4 .20		4.25	45
Lithium iron	≤ 3.65		3.70	45
Nickel-metal hydride	≤ 1.45		1.50	60

Table 3. Default battery overcharge protection voltage and temperature specifications

^h The battery durability storage est requirement may be waived for flooded lead acid batteries which are shipped dry. In cases where batteries are shipped dry, manufacturers must provide the test labs with an adequate amount of the appropriate electrolyte solution or accurately specify the density and composition of the solution to be used.

¹ All applicable quality and durability standards are extended to PAYG components, such as remote-entry keypads, integrated circuits, and any other hardware systems that are included with the product.

¹ At the discretion of Lighting Global, some quality and durability requirements may be waived for non-lighting appliances that can be proven to meet other relevant standards. For instance, the following tests may be waived if the manufacturer provides evidence (test report, certification and/or other relevant documentation) showing that

the appliance meets an internationally recognized standard for appliance safety, such as IEC 60065 (for TVs and radios) and IEC 60335 (for fans).

- Physical ingress protection,
- Strain relief,
- Switch, gooseneck, moving part, and connector durability,
- Drop test,
- Battery protection (charge controller)

^k There are two alternative water protection compliance pathways allowed by Lighting Global (i.e., these are alternatives to meeting the IP class requirements). In one alternative ("technical equivalent"), the whole system of protection (ingress protection + electronic circuit protection + manufacturing QC) is evaluated to determine if the protection level is equivalent to that of a product with the required level of ingress protection. In another alternative ("warning label") there are clear messages to the consumer about the degree of protection from water. The warning level messages must meet Lighting Global program guidelines. The pathways and associated guidelines are described in greater detail in a document titled "Integrated Water Protection Assessment." Additional guidance on testing IP requirements for PV modules is in a document titled "Lighting Global Test Methods for Ingress Protection for PV Modules."

¹Most switches and connectors are considered to be intended for regular use. Mechanisms expected to be used primarily during installation are limited to only a few cases, such as:

- A safety-disconnect switch or circuit breaker that is turned on after installation and only turned off for maintenance.
- Connectors dedicated to light points that are unlikely to be relocated after installation
- Connections between a light point and an extension cable.

^m Dangerous failures are defined as those which may expose the user to physical harm, such as harmful chemicals, heat (e.g., from an electrical short or fire), or sharp materials (e.g. broken glass).

ⁿ Requirements for outdoor cables are detailed in the "Lighting Clobal Solar Home System Testing Policy for Outdoor-rated Cables." Products must comply with the final policy as of March 2017.

^o At a minimum, the operation manual must contain graphical and/or written guidance on the following:

- How to connect the PV module to the unit for charging.
- Instructing the user not to shade the RV module
- Facing the PV module surface toward sun.
- Any required pre-use steps necessary for the product (e.g. fully charge battery, insert supplied fuse).
- How to make all required permanent connections.
- How to connect all advertised appliances.
- How to interpret the battery state-of-charge indicator or other instructions related to determining and understanding the battery state-of-charge.

^p If the consumer information requirement is met by providing Option 1: "specifications for components that may require replacement (fuses, lights, PV, batteries) and instructions for replacement," relevant specifications include the following:

- **PV module(s):** power (nominal and maximum), voltage (nominal, open-circuit and maximum power point), current (short circuit and maximum power point). All ratings should specify the conditions of the measurement (e.g., STC or NOTC) and should be included in a user manual or packaging. Ratings may be included on the module, but they must also be included in the user manual.
- **Battery(ies):** battery chemistry, nominal voltage, and capacity. Specifications must be provided for the main product battery(ies); specifications for appliance batteries are not required, but recommended.
- Main lights: drive voltage, power, and luminous flux (in lumens)

- **Fuses:** as noted in the "Circuit and Overload Protection" standard, if replaceable fuses are used for circuit protection, sizes must be labeled on the device and listed in the user manual, and, if fuses are replaceable by the user, at least one spare fuse must be included with the product. Included appliances are not required to meet this standard.
- Other appliances: specifications are not required, but are recommended.

Any other specifications necessary for a PV module, battery, light, or fuse to function with the system shall be included in the user manual. The purpose of this option is to enable a user or technician to be able to reasonably find a replacement if a key component of the system fails.

If the consumer information requirement is met by providing Option 2: "directions as to how the consumer can get components, including the battery, replaced at service centers, both during and post warranty," the information must clearly state that the consumer can still have access to parts, repairs and replacements after the warranty period (these may be made available at a cost).

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